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- (iv) Purchasing or renting equipment necessary to install, maintain, extend, protect, operate, or utilize facilities.
- (v) Initial operating expenses for a period ordinarily not exceeding 1 year when the borrower is unable to pay such expenses.
- (vi) Refinancing debts incurred by, or on behalf of, a community when all of the following conditions exist:
- (A) The debts being refinanced are a secondary part of the total loan;
- (B) The debts are incurred for the facility or service being financed or any part thereof; and
- (C) Arrangements cannot be made with the creditors to extend or modify the terms of the debts so that a sound basis will exist for making a loan.
- (3) To pay obligations for construction or procurement incurred before loan approval. Construction work or procurement actions should not be started and obligations for such work or materials should not be incurred before the loan is approved. However, if there are compelling reasons for proceeding with construction or procurement before loan approval, applicants may request FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 approval to pay such obligations. Such requests may be approved if FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 determines that:
- (i) Compelling reasons exist for incurring obligations before loan approval; and
- (ii) The obligations will be incurred for authorized loan purposes; and
- (iii) Contract documents have been approved by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354; and
- (iv) All environmental requirements applicable to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 and the applicant have been met; and
- (v) The applicant has the legal authority to incur the obligations at the time proposed, and payment of the debts will remove any basis for any mechanic, material or other liens that may attach to the security property. FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 may authorize payment of such obligations at the time of loan closing. FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354's authorization to pay such obligations,

however, is on the condition that it is not committed to make the loan; it assumes no responsibility for any obligations incurred by the applicant; and the applicant must subsequently meet all loan approval requirements. The applicant's request and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 authorization for paying such obligations shall be in writing. If construction or procurement is started without FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 approval, post approval in accordance with this section may be considered.

- (b) Funds may not be used to finance:
- (1) Facilities which are not modest in size, design, and cost.
 - (2) Loan finder's fees.
- (3) Projects located within the Coastal Barriers Resource system that do not qualify for an exception as defined in section 6 of the Coastal Barriers Resource Act, Pub. L. 97–348.

[52 FR 43726, Nov. 16, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 21195, May 19, 1992; 68 FR 65831, Nov. 24, 2003]

§ 1942.113 Rates and terms.

Rates and terms for loans under this subpart are as set out in §1942.17(f) of subpart A of this part 1942.

§1942.114 Security.

Specific requirements for security for each loan will be included in the letter of conditions. Loans must be secured by the best security position practicable, in a manner which will adequately protect the interest of FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 during the repayment period of the loan, and in accordance with the following;

- (a) Security must include one of the following:
- (1) A pledge of revenue and a lien on all real estate and major equipment purchased or developed with the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 loan; or
- (2) General obligation bonds or bonds pledging other taxes.
- (b) Additional security may be required as determined necessary by the loan approval official. In determining the need for additional security the loan approval official should carefully consider:

- (1) The estimated market value of real estate and equipment security.
- (2) The adequacy and dependability of the applicant's revenues, based on the applicant's financial records, the project financial feasibility report, and the project budgets.
- (3) The degree of community commitment to the project, as evidenced by items such as active broad based membership, aggressive leadership, broad based fund drives, or contributions by local public bodies.
- (c) Additional security may include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) Liens on additional real estate or equipment.
- (2) A pledge of revenues from additional sources.
- (3) An assignment of assured income in accordance with $\S 1942.17(g)(3)(iii)(A)(I)$ of subpart A of this part 1942.
- (d) Review and approval or concurrence in the State Office is required if the security will not include a pledge of taxes and the applicant cannot provide evidence of the financially successful operation of a similar facility for the 5 years immediately prior to loan application.
- (e) Review and concurrence in the National Office is required if the security will not include a pledge of taxes, the applicant cannot provide evidence of the financially successful operation of a similar facility for the 5 years immediately prior to loan application, and the amount of the loan will exceed \$250,000
- (f) Loans under this subpart are subject to the provisions of § 1942.17(g)(1) of subpart A of this part 1942, regarding security for projects utilizing joint financing.

[52 FR 43726, Nov. 16, 1987; 52 FR 47097, Dec. 11, 1987]

§ 1942.115 Reasonable project costs.

Applicants are responsible for determining that prices paid for property rights, construction, equipment, and other project development are reasonable and fair. FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 may require an appraisal by an independent appraiser or FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 employee.

§ 1942.116 Economic feasibility requirements.

All projects financed under this section must be based on taxes, assessments, revenues, fees, or other satisfactory sources of revenues in an amount sufficient to provide for facility operation and maintenance, a reasonable reserve, and debt payment. An overall review of the applicant's financial status, including a review of all assets and liabilities, will be a part of the docket review process by the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 staff and approval official. All applicants will be expected to provide a financial feasibility report. These financial feasibility reports will normally be:

- (a) Included as part of the preliminary engineer/architectural report using guide 6 to subpart A of this part 1942 (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Office), or
- (b) Prepared by the applicant using Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 1942-54, "Applicant's Feasibility Report."

§ 1942.117 General requirements.

- (a) Reserve requirements. Loans under this subpart are subject to the provisions of §1942.17 (i) of subpart A of this part 1942.
- (b) Membership authorization. The membership of organizations other than public bodies must authorize the project and its financing except the District Director may, with the concurrence of the State Director (with advice of OGC as needed), accept the loan resolution without such membership authorization when State statutes and the organization charter and bylaws do not require such authorization.
- (c) Insurance and bonding. Loans under this subpart are subject to the provisions of §1942.17(j)(3) of subpart A of this part 1942.
- (d) Acquisition of land and rights. Loans under this subpart are subject to the provisions of §1942.17(j)(4) of subpart A of this part 1942.
- (e) Lease agreements. Loans under this subpart are subject to the provisions of §1942.17(j)(5) of subpart A of this part 1942.